

Dry or wet soil can often be easily removed from Tahoe LLC' contract fabrics. Because our fabrics resist most stains, spots may be removed by ordinary cleaning methods. Though our fabrics repel soil, dirt and spills can deposit in the pores of the fabric. Spot cleaning, followed by water spray rinses & wet-vac extraction should return the fabric to its original look.

- 1. Remove spots and stains promptly to make cleaning easier. Blot wet spills with an absorbent cloth or paper towel. If you find a hard, crusty stain, tap the spot with a spoon to break up the encrustation so that you can remove as much of it as possible before cleaning the spot by scraping with the spoon, then dry vacuuming.
- 2. Try to determine the composition of the stain and then choose an appropriate cleaning agent as suggested from the listing below.
- 3. Use the minimal amount of cleaning agent necessary to remove the stain. Triple spray with rinse water and use a wet-vacuum step after each rinse. Blot with a clean towel, then allow to air dry.
- 4. Some oil-based products may require special or extra cleaning as shown in chart. If a solvent is required for cleaning, apply it to a clean cloth or paper towel. This cloth should be gently rubbed onto the soiled area. A separate cloth should then be pressed onto the fabric to blot up the stain. Repeated applications may be required. Do not apply solvent directly to the fabric or soak the fabric with a solvent. Read all warning labels prior to using any chemical or solvent.

STAIN

CLEANING AGENT

	(Followed by Wet-Vacuum extraction)
Chocolate, Blood, Carbon Black	1,2,3
Grape Juice, Ink (Washable), Catsup	
Berry Stain, Mucilage, Coffee	1,2 and 8
Vomit, Water Colors	1,2,6,8
Rubber Cement, Shoe Polish	1,2,4
Tea, Milk, Mustard, Gravy, Egg, Cola Drink	2,8
Butter, Linseed Oil, Nail Polish	2,3,4,8
Chewing Gum	Freeze w/ice & flake off
Crayon, Lipstick, Paint (Oil)	4 or 5
Beer, Urine	2,6
Wine	1,3,6,8
Paint (Latex)	2, 3, possibly 4
Oil-Based	2,3,4,5
Iron Rust	1, 2 and 7
Ink (Permanent / India / Ball Point)	2,4,6,8
Furniture Polish	2,6

KEY TO CLEANING AGENTS

- 1. Water
- 2. A dish detergent solution of 1 tsp per quart of water
- 3. A detergent / Ammonia (3-6%) solution
- 4. A squirt of glycol solvent like "Goof-Off"* and blot dry.
- 5. Paint remover
- 6. Undiluted white vinegar
- 7. Oxalic or citric acid, 5% solution
- 8. Hot-water extraction. Apply clean water and vacuum until all soap is removed from fabric

*Registered trademark of Valspar Corp. Wheeling, IL

This information is presented as a guide for the care and maintenance of Tahoe LLC, contract fabrics. It is based on the best information available at present and is subject to revision as additional knowledge and experience becomes available. Tahoe LLC makes no guarantee as to results and assumes no responsibility in connection with this information, nor for any damage to component materials hereby assumed. Cleaning schedule should be determined by application and component materials hereby assumed. Light colors tend to show soiling more readily than medium or dark shades.